

# NON-BINDING CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION

Annual Financial Statements as of December 31, 2014 and Management Report GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH, Munich GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH Annual Financial Statements as of December 31, 2014 and Management Report

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GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH Balance Sheet Annual Financial Statements as of December 31, 2014 and Management Report

Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2014

#### Assets

#### Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

31.12.2013

103.000,00

114.515,00

80.300,00

60.387.394,51

60.582.209,51

1.270.106,61

1.881.874,22 46.008,93

3.197.989,76

63.883.199,27

EUR

	31.12.2014		31.12.2013			31.12.2014
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR		EUR
A. Fixed assets					A. Shareholders' equity	
					Capital subscribed	103.000,00
I. Intangible assets						
Software		126.035,13		150.744,90		
					B. Reserves and accrued liabilities	
II. Tangible assets					1. Pension reserves	248.047,00
<ol> <li>Leasehold improvements</li> </ol>	1.431,00		1.695,00		2. Reserves for rightholders	64.232.301,10
2. Office equipment	11.767,00	13.198,00	9.546,00	11.241,00	<ol> <li>Other accrued liabilities</li> </ol>	81.300,00
						64.561.648,10
III. Financial assets						
Shares in affiliated companies		893.124,12		893.124,12	C. Liabilities	
		1.032.357,25		1.055.110,02	1. Accounts payable	6.803.227.27
		1.032.337,23		1.055.110,02	<ol> <li>Accounts payable</li> <li>Accounts payable due to affiliated compa</li> </ol>	
<b>0</b>						
3. Current assets					3. Other liabilites	34.727,58 6.837.954.85
I. Accounts receivable and						0.037.934,03
other assets						
1. Accounts receivable	8.180.011,80		478.615,51			
	0.100.011,00		470.015,51			
<ol> <li>Accounts receivable from affiliated companies</li> </ol>	26.549,14					
3. Other assets	515.980,37	8.722.541,31	404.905,32	883.520,83		
II. Cash on hand and						
cash in banks		61.726.453,48		61.922.181,88		
		70.448.994,79		62.805.702,71		
C. Deferred charges		21.250,91		22.386,54		
		71.502.602,95		63.883.199,27		71.502.602,95

# Profit and Loss Statement for the Year ended December 31, 2014

		201	4	2013	
		EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR
1.	Revenue from copyright remuneration	46.462.636,69		18.399.733,79	
2.	Other operating income	271.270,63	46.733.907,32	262.908,16	18.662.641,95
3.	Personnel expenses				
	a) Salaries	-777.922,55		-744.855,65	
	<ul> <li>b) Social security, pension</li> <li>thereof for pensions</li> <li>EUR 122.782,00</li> <li>(I/y EUR 2.954,00)</li> </ul>	-254.621,53	-1.032.544,08	-131.555,38	-876.411,03
4.	Depreciation and amortization		-67.650,63		-69.773,94
5.	Other operating expenses		-630.819,01		-685.283,83
6.	Interest income		105.693,65		158.047,50
7.	Interest expenses		-10.750,00		-5.328,00
8.	Result from the ordinary operations		45.097.837,25		17.183.892,65
9.	Provision for reserves for rightholders		-45.097.837,25		-17.183.892,65
10.	Net income		0,00		0,00

GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH Notes for Fiscal Year 2014

# I. Application of the 'Handelsgesetzbuch' [Commercial Code (HGB)] and the 'Urheberrechtswahrnehmungsgesetz [Act on the Administration of Copyrights and Neighboring Rights (UrhWG)]

The accounting, audit and publication regulations pursuant to Section 9(4)-(6) UrhWG and Section 238 HGB (German Commercial Code) and especially Sections 264 et seq. HGB apply to the Company except where the particularities resulting from the tasks of a collecting society do have to be considered. In the year under review, the Company was to be regarded as a "medium-sized" corporation within the meaning of Section 267(2) HGB. Size-related reliefs for medium-sized corporations pursuant to Section 288(2) HGB have been applied in part.

## II. Accounting and valuation methods

The intangible assets and tangible fixed assets are carried at acquisition cost less scheduled depreciation according to use. Depreciation is recorded straight-line pro rata temporis over a useful life of three (3) to thirteen (13) years, low-value fixed assets with a value up to EUR 150.00 are fully written off in the year of acquisition, low-value fixed assets (compound item) with at cost between EUR 150.00 and EUR 1,000.00 are recorded straight-line pro rata temporis over a useful life of five (5) years. Foreign currency additions are converted at the exchange rates applicable at the time of payment. Financial assets are carried at acquisition cost and/or at the lower value to be assessed.

The accounts receivable, other assets as well as cash on hand and cash in banks are carried at their nominal value. They contain all claims for which the Company received statements within the first three (3) months in the following year and which relate to the fiscal year 2014 and/or which were performed during the period under review. The prepaid expenses include expenses paid in 2014 which constitute expenses after the balance sheet date.

The pension reserves correspond to the fulfillment amount pursuant to Section 253(1) s. 2 HGB. The basis for calculation are the "2005G guiding tables" of Prof. Dr. Klaus Heubeck. The actuarial interest rate is 4.53 % per annum. The relief provision pursuant to Art. 67(1) sentence 1 EGHGB has not been used. As a result, the interest result has been burdened by an additional amount of EUR 11k (in 2013: EUR 5k).

The reserves for rightholders take account of distribution commitments to rightholders and liabilities of still uncertain amount, the latter estimated in accordance with prudent business principles.

The accrued liabilities comprise all identifiable risks and contingent liabilities in an amount required in accordance with prudent business principles.

The fulfillment amounts required according to prudent business principles are taken as a basis for all reserves/provisions. In the case of provisions with a remaining term of more than one (1) year, the assessment pursuant to Section 253(2) sentence 1 HGB has no effect in terms of amount since,

because of the non-profit nature of the Company prescribed in Article 3.1 of its articles of association, such interest income must be added to the respective reserves for distribution to rightholders. The respective interest income is set off against the respective expenditure incurred for the addition to the reserve so as to give a true and fair view of the earnings situation of the Company.

The liabilities are carried at their repayment amount. They comprise all liabilities for which statements were received with accounting periods prior to the balance sheet date which were paid within the first three (3) months of the following year.

To the extent that revenues were received in foreign currency, they were converted at the exchange rates applicable at the time of receipt. Accounts receivable in foreign currency were converted at the official mean rate of exchange as of the balance sheet date.

## III. Notes to the financial statements

## Balance sheet

The development of the fixed assets is represented in the statement of fixed assets in the Appendix hereto.

The accounts receivable are due and payable within one (1) year. The other assets relate mainly to tax refund claims and are due in one or less than one year. The term of the cash surrender value of the reinsurances (EUR 130k; 2013: EUR 122k) as well as the investment for rent deposit (EUR 20k; 2013: 20k) which are also shown within the other assets is between one (1) and five (5) years.

The capital stock registered in the Commercial Register amounts to DM 200,000. It is fully paid in. The conversion of the capital stock to EUR 103,000 has meanwhile occurred on the basis of a shareholder resolution, but has not yet been entered in the Commercial Register.

The reserves for rightholders are obligations to rightholders including the social fund and the film promotion fund. The other accrued liabilities in the amount of EUR 81k (2013: EUR 80k) relate to vacation reserves, reserves for the preparation, audit and publication of the financial statements and for the 'Berufsgenossenschaft'.

An amount of EUR 1.279.491,64 (in 2013: EUR 51,775.48) of the accounts payable relates to shareholders.

	31.12.2014	31.12.2013
	EUR	EUR
Liabilities for taxes		
tax deduction on the basis of Sect. 50a EStG	10.196,91	32,748,73
wage and church tax	15.466,30	11,817.51
	25.663,21	44,566.24
Liabilities for social security	1.124,56	1,096.20
Other liabilities	7.939,81	346.49
	34.727,58	46,008.93

## The full amount of liabilities is due within one (1) year. The other liabilities include:

## Profit and loss statement

Of the total revenues, an amount of EUR 43.391k (2013: EUR 15,226k) is attributable to Germany, thereof EUR38.007 k (2013: EUR 10,680k) pursuant to Section 54 UrhG, EUR 355k (2013: EUR 779k) pursuant to Section 27 UrhG and EUR 5.029k (2013: EUR 3,768k) for cable retransmission rights in Germany according to Section 20b UrhG. An amount of EUR 3.072k (2013: EUR 3,173k) is attributable to countries other than Germany. Because of the business activity of GWFF GmbH most of the revenues are relating to different periods. The revenues from countries which withhold non-refundable withholding tax according to the DTC (Double Taxation Convention) applicable from time to time between Germany and the respective country have been shown after deduction of such withholding tax; this concerns Australia and Spain.

The other operating income includes income, relating to other periods, from the collection commission for copyright remuneration EUR 4k. The other operating expenses include expenses, relating to other periods in the amount of EUR 26k (2013: EUR 24k) for media law advice.

The provision for reserves for rightholders, shown in a separate item of the profit and loss statement, corresponds to the addition to reserves for rightholders for obligations to the rightholders. An amount of EUR 40,875k (2013: EUR 31,416k) was distributed or paid to the rightholders in the year under review. An amount of EUR 314k (2013: EUR 260k) was used for film promotion purposes and an amount of EUR 64k (2013: EUR 70k) for social purposes.

## IV. Other information

## Management

The Managing Directors holding power of individual representation are Prof. Dr. Ronald Frohne, Rechtsanwalt [Attorney-at-Law], Berlin, and Dr. Gertraude Müller-Ernstberger, Rechtsanwältin [Attorney-at-Law], Munich.

The protective clause pursuant to Section 286(4) HGB is being applied.

## Advisory board

GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH Notes Annual Financial Statements as of December 31, 2014 and Management Report

In accordance with the articles of association, the Company has an advisory board composed of six (6) persons. Neither actual nor former members of the advisory board received remuneration in the fiscal year.

## Employees

The Company had 16 (2013: 16) salaried employees on the average in the fiscal year 2014.

## Other financial obligations

There are other financial obligations in the amount of EUR 209k (2013: EUR 357k) for the office rent agreed until December 31, 2016.

## Shareholding

Shares within the meaning of Section 285(11) HGB are held in AGICOA Urheberrechtsschutz-Gesellschaft mbH, Munich. As of December 31, 2014, the Company holds 51% of the shares of capital stock (= equity) in the amount of DM 50k (EUR 26k). AGICOA Urheberrechtsschutz-Gesellschaft mbH, Munich, shows a net income for the year of EUR 0 in accordance with the articles of association.

The Company holds 100% of the shares in GWFF USA, Inc., Santa Monica, California, U.S.A. which was formed in the fiscal year 2003 with a common stock of US\$ 1,000k. The financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2014 show an equity amounting to USD 936k and a net income of USD 2k.

In addition, the Company holds 51% of the shares in ISAN Gesellschaft zur Registrierung von Filmund Fernsehwerken mbH, Munich which was formed in the fiscal year 2006 with a capital stock of EUR 25k. The company's financial statements show an equity of EUR 25k and a net loss of EUR 27k for the year ending December 31, 2014.

## Appropriation of net income

In accordance with the object and purpose of a collecting society, the Company showed no net income in the year under review. The amounts not yet distributed to rightholders or the like are contained in the reserves established for this purpose (see above).

Munich, June 17, 2015

GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH Management Board

Prof. Dr. Ronald Frohne

Dr. Gertraude Müller-Ernstberger

GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH Appendix to the Notes Annual Financial Statements as of December 31, 2014 and Management Report

# Statement of Fixed Assets in Fiscal Year 2014

		At cost				Accumulated depreciation				Net book value	
	1 Jan 14	Additions	Disposals	31 Dec 14	1 Jan 14	Depreciation fiscal year	Disposals	31 Dec 14	31 Dec 2014	31 Dec 2013	
	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	EUR	
I. Intangible assets											
Software	1.648.696,58	36.707,86	0,00	1.685.404,44	1.497.951,68	61.417,63	0,00	1.559.369,31	126.035,13	150.744,90	
II. Tangible assets											
1. Leasehold improvements	29.823,31	0,00	0,00	29.823,31	28.128,31	264,00	0,00	28.392,31	1.431,00	1.695,00	
2. Office equipment	237.041,50	8.190,00	0,00	245.231,50	227.495,50	5.969,00	0,00	233.464,50	11.767,00	9.546,00	
	258.250,41	8.190,00	0,00	275.054,81	255.623,81	6.233,00	0,00	261.856,81	13.198,00	11.241,00	
III. Financial assets											
Shares in affiliated companies	893.124,12	0,00	0,00	893.124,12	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	893.124,12	893.124,12	
	0 000 000 000	44.007.00	0.00	0.050.500.55	4 750 575 10	07.050.00	0.00	4 004 000 10	4 000 055 05		
	3.066.935,92	44.897,86	0,00	2.853.583,37	1.753.575,49	67.650,63	0,00	1.821.226,12	1.032.357,25	1.055.110,02	

# GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH 2014 Management Report

## Preamble

In the fiscal year 2014, the activities of the Company comprised, as in the past, the fiduciary administration of the blank tape and VCR levy rights pursuant to Section 54 UrhG [German Copyright Act] in Germany in accordance with the articles of association. The rights pursuant to Section 54 UrhG have been administered both in Germany as well as in the area of private copying on the basis of reciprocity agreements with several foreign collecting societies.

In addition, the Company had been entrusted with the administration of the author's claims pursuant to Sections 27, 22 UrhG in Germany.

On the basis of reciprocity agreements with several foreign collecting societies, GWFF GmbH administers blank tape levy rights and rights in the areas of use at schools and cable retransmission abroad. The rights of the rightholders are now represented in the following countries: Austria, France, Belgium, Spain, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Netherlands, Norway, Ireland, Denmark, Australia, Sweden, Canada, Finland, Luxembourg, Great Britain and New Zealand; since 2005, for the first time, also in Bosnia, Bulgaria, Esthonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Poland and Ukraine as well as Romania and Portugal, South Africa, U.S.A., Iceland and Hungary.

## Course of business

During the period under review, GWFF GmbH recorded revenues of EUR 43,391k for the administration of rights for Germany. Of this amount, EUR 38,007k are attributable to remuneration pursuant to Section 54 UrhG, EUR 355k to remuneration pursuant to Section 27 UrhG and EUR 5,029k to cable retransmission rights in Germany. Compared with the previous year, the domestic revenues thus increased by EUR 28,165k. The increase is mainly due to the agreement reached by the ZPÜ members in 2014 on the distribution of the PC-income by ZPÜ. As reported in the previous year, the ZPÜ members - at the instigation of the German Patent and Trademark Office - decided in very complex and difficult negotiations, on the basis of a study on copying behaviour, to re-allocate the ZPÜ income which resulted in an increase of the share of GWFF and which was paid out in 2014.

In 2014, the Company succeeded for the first time in getting its claims for the "film stills" accepted and in concluding a respective agreement with the collecting society Bild-Kunst. Including payments for earlier years, GWFF received an amount of EUR 2,014k in 2014 which is included in the remuneration pursuant to Section 54 UrhG.

The remuneration for cable retransmission rights abroad amounted to EUR 1,784k, thereof EUR 1,033k for Switzerland and Liechtenstein, EUR 10k for Denmark, EUR 242k for Austria, EUR 319k for the Netherlands, Ireland, Luxembourg, Finland, Sweden, Norway, Canada, Poland,

Romania, Slovenia, Belgium, Portugal and Hungary, EUR 88k for France, EUR 6k for the Netherlands and EUR 85k for Belgium as well as EUR 1k for Australia.

The remuneration for blank tape levy abroad amounted to EUR 1,235k, thereof EUR 81k for Austria, EUR 704k for France, EUR 288k for Switzerland and Liechtenstein, EUR 7k for Denmark, EUR 43k for Norway, EUR 104k for Belgium, EUR 7k for Sweden and EUR 1k for Australia.

In addition, an amount of EUR 53k has been received for use at schools abroad, thereof EUR 15k for Australia and EUR 38k for Switzerland and Liechtenstein.

The variation in the received revenues on the basis of a year-on-year comparison is mainly due to the accounting method applied by the respective collecting agency.

In addition to these revenues, there has been an interest income of EUR 95k. These revenues and interest income compared with expenses of EUR 1,460k netted against other operating income. The remaining amount of EUR 45,098k was allocated to the reserves for rightholders for distribution to the rightholders so that a net income for the year of zero is reported in accordance with the articles of association.

The received remuneration is invested at interest – as far as possible in the present market environment - until distribution to the rightholders.

Also in the fiscal year 2014, it was possible to increase the number of rightholders of GWFF GmbH.

During the period under review, the following distributions have been made to the rightholders regarding domestic blank tape revenues: in addition to solved double registrations for previous years, revenues based on Section 54 UrhG, revenues from the PC levy pursuant to Section 54 UrhG for 2011 through 2013 and the PC music share for 2009 through 2013 have been paid out; likewise, the statements for the copyright remuneration PC for the collecting society Bild- Kunst have been prepared and settled for the years 2011 through 2013.

Foreign blank tape revenues for France for 2002 through 2013 and for Austria for 2001 through 2006 have been distributed.

For the revenues from cable retransmission rights in Germany, distributions for the broadcasting year 2013 as well as subsequent distributions for 2010 through 2012 have been made to the U.S. Guilds.

Remuneration pursuant to Section 27 UrhG has been distributed for the years 2011 through 2012.

Moreover, remuneration for cable retransmission rights in Austria for 2003 through 2007 as well as for cable retransmission of German broadcasters in Austria for U.S. films for 2012 through 2013 has been paid.

Revenues from use at schools in Australia for 2007 through 2012 have been distributed.

A total amount of EUR 41,253k has been distributed to the rightholders in the fiscal year 2014.

GWFF GmbH efficiently fulfilled the tasks required by law through a small staff of 17 (inclusive management) people on the average in 2014. GWFF GmbH is conscious of its social responsibility and employs disabled persons even though, in view of the number of staff members, it is not subject to the requirements of the Disabled Persons Act.

GWFF USA Inc., which has been operating in the U.S. since 2003, serves the great number of rightholders in the U.S. especially the members of MPA, IFTA as well as DGA, WGA and SAG.

Within the framework of the EUROCOPYA, the Company again took part in the WIPO negotiations and represented the interests of its members vis-à-vis the EU Commission.

In the middle of 2005, GWFF GmbH applied for a license as ISAN Regional Agency Germany with ISAN International Agency in Geneva. The license as sole licensed German Agency was granted in November 2005. ISAN (International Standard Audiovisual Number) is an ISO certified numbering system to identify audiovisual works. In 2006, GWFF GmbH formed a subsidiary which, as ISAN Regional Agency, offers registration services to its rightholders. Meanwhile GWFF GmbH still holds 51% of the shares; the collecting societies VFF, VG Bild-Kunst and VG Wort hold the remaining shares.

## Promotion in 2014

GWFF GmbH has, as in the previous years, carried out its sponsoring measures within the framework of the International Film Festival in Berlin (Berlinale) and awarded again the "Best First Feature Award" which was created in 2006. The EUR 50k prize is awarded in equal parts to the producer and the director of the best feature from the program of the Festival, the Panorama, the Forum and the Perspective of the German Film.

In the fiscal year 2014, GWFF GmbH awarded the first prize, i.e. EUR 20k, at the Festival Osteuropäischer Film in Cottbus in addition to the so-called small scholarships for the participation of students of German film colleges in study-linked projects. Within the framework of the Berlinale, the Company also awards the student promotion prize to a student from Eastern Europe as well as the GWFF producer award for best production of a final film by graduate from a German, Austrian or Swiss Film school that is endowed with EUR 5k and presented at the Studio Hamburg Newcomer Award.

Further sponsoring was provided, in particular, to the Filmboard Berlin-Brandenburg, the International Student Festival "Sehsüchte" and the "Haus der jungen Produzenten". The Berkshire International Film Festival (with many German films) and the Berkshire Film & Media Arts Commission were sponsored via GWFF USA Inc. It has been agreed with the Tribeca Film Festival in New York to jointly sponsor specific film making lessons at U.S. schools. Moreover, GWFF USA Inc. sponsored the Arthur Burns fellowship (scholarship for a stay of German journalists in the U.S. with focus on media) and, conjoined with Carnegie Hall, the establishment of a YouTube platform for young artists.

## Financial and earnings situation

The earnings situation of the Company is determined by its statutory status as non-profit organization as prescribed by law for collecting societies. Furthermore, it is inherent in the system that most of the revenues are relating to different periods because the amounts to be distributed are received, and passed on to the Company, by the administering institutions for different periods and the Company then issues the respective statements to the rightholders with time-lag. The balance arising from all income and expenditure in a fiscal year is, as provision for reserves for rightholders, shown in full as reserves for rightholders in accordance with the articles of association.

Despite general cost increases, it has been possible to slightly reduce the general administration costs (without costs of pension scheme) from EUR 1,369k to EUR 1,337k; there has been a one-time cost effect only because of the increase of the pension promises made in 2014.

As a result of the requirements of the law, the balance sheet and thus the financial situation of the Company are determined by items channelled through. The balance sheet is thus characterized by high cash amounts while the fixed assets and the remaining current assets are of secondary importance. The main item on the liabilities side are the reserves for rightholders and liabilities to rightholders while the remaining reserves and also the subscribed capital are secondary items.

## Material risks and chances

The main risk inherent in the business of the Company is the fact that the legal outline conditions regarding remuneration claims for blank tape levy and cable retransmission may change over the medium or long term. The Company took part in the discussions about the copyright law reform ("basket II"). At the end of 2007, the area of private copying has been newly regulated by "basket II" effective January 01, 2008. By the "basket II", the legislator left it to the collecting societies and the industry involved (BITKOM, ZVEI and IM) to decide in negotiations on the amount of reasonable remuneration for private copying which previously had been provided in an annex to the Copyright Act. These negotiations resulted in an agreement with BCH (part of BITKOM) in the spring of 2010. So far, no settlement agreement has been reached with ZVEI and IM and the other producers organized in BITKOM.

In 2010, the agreement with BCH (part of BITKOM) regarding private copying on PCs has been concluded for the period 2004 through 2010. The negotiations on a follow-up agreement have successfully been concluded for the period from January 01, 2011 through December 31, 2016. The income in this area will lead to clearly lower revenues since the ruling of the European Court of Justice of October 21, 2010 in the case PADAWAN vs. SAGE according to which the "private copying levy" on reproduction media, which are purchased by undertakings and self-employed people for purposes other than private copying, is incompatible with European law, must be taken into account for the negotiations.

On February 26, 2014, the EU Commission issued the Directive on collective management of copyright and related rights and multi-territorial licensing of rights in musical works for online use in the internal market. This Directive also contains extensive regulations on the organization of the collective rights administration by collecting societies; it is to be implemented by the Member States

by April 10, 2016. The concrete chances and risks are not foreseeable yet. Therefore, the management will wait for the draft bill of the German Federal Ministry of Justice on the implementation of the Directive in German law and present any modifications of the articles of association and the collection agreement of the Company, which may become necessary, to the relevant bodies for approval.

There is the risk of new collecting societies being formed in future which might lead to a reduction of the Company's share; in particular since the aforesaid EU Directive provides that collecting societies from other EU countries are admitted in Germany. In addition, there is also the risk of new collecting societies being admitted.

It is possible that authors and producers presently represented by GWFF GmbH will entrust other collecting societies with their representation. However, the management does not regard this as a great risk because the number of rightholders is still increasing.

The chances of the Company consist primarily in the fact that the Company, as collecting society, will administer the rights of its rightholders and will register, collect and distribute their remuneration claims for private copying, for video rental and for cable retransmission rights in Germany and, via reciprocity agreements, via foreign collecting societies as long as such remuneration claims under copyright law exist, regardless of the amount of such remuneration claims. Despite the efforts of the device manufacturers to reduce the remuneration claims, the Vitorino Report which is disadvantageous to the collecting societies and the tendency of individual countries (Spain and the Netherlands) to remove or reduce the remuneration claims, it appears that many countries establish the legislative bases for claims comparable with Sections 20b, 22, 27, 54 UrhG. Therefore, the management does not expect a dramatic reduction of foreign revenues in the medium term.

ZPÜ is conducting negotiations with the aim to extend the remuneration obligation to cover also tablets and mobile phones which would lead to additional income of the Company.

## Presumable development

It is intended also in the years to come to distribute the money to the rightholders at the earliest possible time. The management will further endeavor to reduce the period between collection and payment of the money. However, this depends on the time of receipt of the respective amounts, in particular, regarding the revenues pursuant to Section 54 UrhG. In addition, it is intended to distribute the amounts pursuant to Section 27 UrhG and remuneration from abroad to the rightholders.

## Material events after completion of the fiscal year

Apart from the aforesaid implementation of the Directive 2014/26/EU, there are no material events after the balance sheet date.

# Audit Opinion

We issued the following unqualified audit opinion:

We audited the annual financial statements – consisting of the balance sheet, the income statement and the notes – including the accounting records and the management report of GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH, Munich, for the fiscal year January 1 to December 31, 2014. The accountings as well as the preparation of the annual financial statements and the management report in accordance with the German commercial law provisions and the supplementary regulations contained in the statutes are the responsibility of the management of the company. Our function is to give an opinion on the annual financial statements including the accounting records and on the management report on the basis of our audit.

We performed our audit of the annual financial statements pursuant to Section 317 HGB [German Commercial Code], in accordance with the generally accepted German auditing standards established by the Institut der Wirtschaftsprüfer (IDW) [Institute of German Certified Public Accountants]. According to this provision, the audit must be planned and performed in such a manner that any incorrectness or violation which has a material impact on the view of the net worth, financial position and results conveyed by the annual financial statements in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles and by the management report will be identified with sufficient certainty. The knowledge of the business activity and of the economic and legal environment of the company as well as expectations regarding possible sources of error are taken into account when determining the audit acts. Within the framework of the audit, the effectiveness of the internal accounting records, the annual financial statements and the management report are primarily assessed on a sample basis. The audit includes an assessment of the applied accounting principles and of the essential estimations of the management as well as an appreciation of the overall picture conveyed by the annual financial statements and the management report. We are of the overall picture conveyed by the annual financial statements and the management report. We are of the opinion that our audit constitutes a sufficiently secure basis for our assessment.

Our audit has not led to any reservations.

In our judgment based on the findings obtained within the framework of the audit, the annual financial statements are in compliance with the statutory regulations and the supplementary provisions of the statutes and present, in compliance with the generally accepted accounting principles, a true and fair view of the net worth, financial position and results of GWFF Gesellschaft zur Wahrnehmung von Film- und Fernsehrechten mbH. The management report is consistent with the annual financial statements, conveys overall a correct picture of the position of the company and correctly presents the chances and risks of the future development.

We, pursuant to Section 9 (5) UrhWG, also issue the unqualified audit certificate provided for therein in the following form:

The accounting records, the annual financial statements and the management report comply with the law and the statutes according to our properly performed audit.

Lindau, June 25, 2015

(Seal of BAY GmbH)

BAY GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft Rechtsanwaltsgesellschaft

(Signature)

Karl-Christian Bay Wirtschaftsprüfer

# **General Engagement Terms**

for

## Wirtschaftsprüfer and Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaften [German Public Auditors and Public Audit Firms] as of January 1, 2002

This is an English translation of the German text, which is the sole authoritative version

#### 1. Scope

(1) These engagement terms are applicable to contracts between Wirtschaftsprüfer [German Public Auditors] or Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaften [German Public Audit Firms] (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Wirtschaftsprüfer") and their clients for audits, consulting and other engagements to the extent that something else has not been expressly agreed to in writing or is not compulsory due to legal requirements.

(2) If, in an individual case, as an exception contractual relations have also been established between the Wirtschaftsprüfer and persons other than the client, the provisions of No. 9 below also apply to such third parties.

#### 2. Scope and performance of the engagement

(1) Subject of the Wirtschaftsprüfer's engagement is the performance of agreed services – not a particular economic result. The engagement is performed in accordance with the Grundsätze ordnungsmäßiger Berufsausübung [Standards of Proper Professional Conduct]. The Wirtschaftsprüfer is entitled to use qualified persons to conduct the engagement.

(2) The application of foreign law requires - except for financial attestation engagements - an express written agreement.

(3) The engagement does not extend – to the extent it is not directed thereto – to an examination of the issue of whether the requirements of tax law or special regulations, such as, for example, laws on price controls, laws limiting competition and Bewirtschaftungsrecht [laws controlling certain aspects of specific business operations] were observed; the same applies to the determination as to whether subsidies, allowances or other benefits may be claimed. The performance of an engagement encompasses auditing procedures aimed at the detection of the defalcation of books and records and other irregularities only if during the conduct of audits grounds therefor arise or if this has been expressly agreed to in writing.

(4) If the legal position changes subsequent to the issuance of the final professional statement, the Wirtschaftsprüfer is not obliged to inform the client of changes or any consequences resulting therefrom.

#### 3. The client's duty to inform

(1) The client must ensure that the Wirtschaftsprüfer – even without his special request – is provided, on a timely basis, with all supporting documents and records required for and is informed of all events and circumstances which may be significant to the performance of the engagement. This also applies to those supporting documents and records, events and circumstances which first become known during the Wirtschaftsprüfer's work.

(2) Upon the Wirtschaftsprüfer's request, the client must confirm in a written statement drafted by the Wirtschaftsprüfer that the supporting documents and records and the information and explanations provided are complete.

#### 4. Ensuring independence

The client guarantees to refrain from everything which may endanger the independence of the Wirtschaftsprüfer's staff. This particularly applies to offers of employment and offers to undertake engagements on one's own account.

#### 5. Reporting and verbal information

If the Wirtschaftsprüfer is required to present the results of his work in writing, only that written presentation is authoritative. For audit engagements the longform report should be submitted in writing to the extent that nothing else has been agreed to. Verbal statements and information provided by the Wirtschaftsprüfer's staff beyond the engagement agreed to are never binding.

#### 6. Protection of the Wirtschaftsprüfer's intellectual property

The client guarantees that expert opinions, organizational charts, drafts, sketches, schedules and calculations – expecially quantity and cost computations – prepared by the Wirtschaftsprüfer within the scope of the engagement will be used only for his own purposes.

#### 7. Transmission of the Wirtschaftsprüfer's professional statement

(1) The transmission of a Wirtschaftsprüfer's professional statements (long-form reports, expert opinions and the like) to a third party requires the Wirtschaftsprüfer's written consent to the extent that the permission to transmit to a certain third party does not result from the engagement terms. The Wirtschaftsprüfer is liable (within the limits of No. 9) towards third parties only if the prerequisites of the first sentence are given.

(2) The use of the Wirtschaftsprüfer's professional statements for promotional purposes is not permitted; an infringement entitles the Wirtschaftsprüfer to immediately cancel all engagements not yet conducted for the client.

#### 8. Correction of deficiencies

(1) Where there are deficiencies, the client is entitled to subsequent fulfillment [of the contract]. The client may demand a reduction in fees or the cancellation of the contract only for the failure to subsequently fulfill [the contract]; if the engagement was awarded by a person carrying on a commercial business as part of that commercial business, a government-owned legal person under public law or a special government-owned fund under public law, the client may demand the cancellation of the contract only if the services rendered are of no interest to him due to the failure to subsequently fulfill [the contract]. No. 9 applies to the extent that claims for damages exist beyond this.

(2) The client must assert his claim for the correction of deficiencies in writing without delay. Claims pursuant to the first paragraph not arising from an intentional tort cease to be enforceable one year after the commencement of the statutory time limit for enforcement.

(3) Obvious deficiencies, such as typing and arithmetical errors and formelle Mängel [deficiencies associated with technicalities] contained in a Wirtschaftsprüfer's professional statements (long-form reports, expert opinions and the like) may be corrected – and also be applicable versus third parties – by the Wirtschaftsprüfer at any time. Errors which may call into question the conclusions contained in the Wirtschaftsprüfer's professional statements entitle the Wirtschaftsprüfer to withdraw – also versus third parties – such statements. In the cases noted the Wirtschaftsprüfer should first hear the client, if possible.

#### 9. Liability

- (1) The liability limitation of § ["Article"] 323 (2)["paragraph 2"] HGB ["Handelsgesetzbuch": German Commercial Code] applies to statutory audits required by law.
- (2) Liability for negligence; An individual case of damages

If neither No. 1 is applicable nor a regulation exists in an individual case, pursuant to § 54a (1) no. 2 WPO ["Wirtschaftsprüferordnung": Law regulating the Profession of Wirtschaftsprüfer] the liability of the Wirtschaftsprüfer for claims of compensatory damages of any kind - except for damages resulting from injury to life, body or health - for an individual case of damages resulting from negligence is limited to € 4 million; this also applies if liability to a person other than the client should be established. An individual case of damages also exists in relation to a uniform damage arising from a number of breaches of duty. The individual case of damages encompasses all consequences from a breach of duty without taking into account whether the damages occurred in one year or in a number of successive years. In this case multiple acts or omissions of acts based on a similar source of error or on a source of error of an equivalent nature are deemed to be a uniform breach of duty if the matters in question are legally or economically connected to one another. In this event the claim against the Wirtschaftsprüfer is limited to € 5 million. The limitation to the fivefold of the minimum amount insured does not apply to compulsory audits required by law

#### (3) Preclusive deadlines

A compensatory damages claim may only be lodged within a preclusive deadline of one year of the rightful claimant having become aware of the damage and of the event giving rise to the claim – at the very latest, however, within 5 years subsequent to the event giving rise to the claim. The claim expires if legal action is not taken within a six month deadline subsequent to the written refusal of acceptance of the indemnity and the client was informed of this consequence.

The right to assert the bar of the preclusive deadline remains unaffected. Sentences 1 to 3 also apply to legally required audits with statutory liability limits.

#### 10. Supplementary provisions for audit engagements

(1) A subsequent amendment or abridgement of the financial statements or management report audited by a Wirtschaftsprüfer and accompanied by an auditor's report requires the written consent of the Wirtschaftsprüfer even if these documents are not published. If the Wirtschaftsprüfer has not issued an auditor's report, a reference to the audit conducted by the Wirtschaftsprüfer in the management report or elsewhere specified for the general public is permitted only with the Wirtschaftsprüfer's written consent and using the wording authorized by him.

(2) If the Wirtschaftsprüfer revokes the auditor's report, it may no longer be used. If the client has already made use of the auditor's report, he must announce its revocation upon the Wirtschaftsprüfer's request.

(3) The client has a right to 5 copies of the long-form report. Additional copies will be charged for separately.

#### 11. Supplementary provisions for assistance with tax matters

(1) When advising on an individual tax issue as well as when furnishing continuous tax advice, the Wirtschaftsprüfer is entitled to assume that the facts provided by the client – especially numerical disclosures – are correct and complete; this also applies to bookkeeping engagements. Nevertheless, he is obliged to inform the client of any errors he has discovered.

(2) The tax consulting engagement does not encompass procedures required to meet deadlines, unless the Wirtschaftsprüfer has explicitly accepted the engagement for this. In this event the client must provide the Wirtschaftsprüfer, on a timely basis, all supporting documents and records – especially tax assessments – material to meeting the deadlines, so that the Wirtschaftsprüfer has an appropriate time period available to work therewith.

(3) In the absence of other written agreements, continuous tax advice encompasses the following work during the contract period:

- a) preparation of annual tax returns for income tax, corporation tax and business tax, as well as net worth tax returns on the basis of the annual financial statements and other schedules and evidence required for tax purposes to be submitted by the client
- b) examination of tax assessments in relation to the taxes mentioned in (a) c) negotiations with tax authorities in connection with the returns and
- assessments mentioned in (a) and (b)
- d) participation in tax audits and evaluation of the results of tax audits with respect to the taxes mentioned in (a)
- e) participation in Einspruchs- und Beschwerdeverfahren [appeals and complaint procedures] with respect to the taxes mentioned in (a).

In the afore-mentioned work the Wirtschaftsprüfer takes material published legal decisions and administrative interpretations into account.

(4) If the Wirtschaftsprüfer receives a fixed fee for continuous tax advice, in the absence of other written agreements the work mentioned under paragraph 3 (d) and (e) will be charged separately.

(5) Services with respect to special individual issues for income tax, corporate tax, business tax, valuation procedures for property and net worth taxation, and net worth tax as well as all issues in relation to sales tax, wages tax, other taxes and dues require a special engagement. This also applies to:

- a) the treatment of nonrecurring tax matters, e. g. in the field of estate tax, capital transactions tax, real estate acquisition tax
- b) participation and representation in proceedings before tax and administrative courts and in criminal proceedings with respect to taxes, and
- c) the granting of advice and work with respect to expert opinions in connection with conversions of legal form, mergers, capital increases and reductions, financial reorganizations, admission and retirement of partners or shareholders, sale of a business, liquidations and the like.

(6) To the extent that the annual sales tax return is accepted as additional work, this does not include the review of any special accounting prerequisities nor of the issue as to whether all potential legal sales tax reductions have been claimed. No guarantee is assumed for the completeness of the supporting documents and records to validate the deduction of the input tax credit.

#### 12. Confidentiality towards third parties and data security

(1) Pursuant to the law the Wirtschaftsprüfer is obliged to treat all facts that he comes to know in connection with his work as confidential, irrespective of whether these concern the client himself or his business associations, unless the client releases him from this obligation.

(2) The Wirtschaftsprüfer may only release long-form reports, expert opinions and other written statements on the results of his work to third parties with the consent of his client.

(3) The Wirtschaftsprüfer is entitled – within the purposes stipulated by the client – to process personal data entrusted to him or allow them to be processed by third parties.

#### 13. Default of acceptance and lack of cooperation on the part of the client

If the client defaults in accepting the services offered by the Wirtschaftsprüfer or if the client does not provide the assistance incumbent on him pursuant to No. 3 or otherwise, the Wirtschaftsprüfer is entitled to cancel the contract immediately. The Wirtschaftsprüfer's right to compensation for additional expenses as well as for damages caused by the default or the lack of assistance is not affected, even if the Wirtschaftsprüfer does not exercise his right to cancel.

#### 14. Remuneration

(1) In addition to his claims for fees or remuneration, the Wirtschaftsprüfer is entitled to reimbursement of his outlays: sales tax will be billed separately. He may claim appropriate advances for remuneration and reimbursement of outlays and make the rendering of his services dependent upon the complete satisfaction of his claims. Multiple clients awarding engagements are jointly and severally liable.

(2) Any set off against the Wirtschaftsprüfer's claims for remuneration and reimbursement of outlays is permitted only for undisputed claims or claims determined to be legally valid.

#### 15. Retention and return of supporting documentation and records

(1) The Wirtschaftsprüfer retains, for ten years, the supporting documents and records in connection with the completion of the engagement – that had been provided to him and that he has prepared himself – as well as the correspondence with respect to the engagement.

(2) After the settlement of his claims arising from the engagement, the Wirtschaftsprüfer, upon the request of the client, must return all supporting documents and records obtained from him or for him by reason of his work on the engagement. This does not, however, apply to correspondence exchanged between the Wirtschaftsprüfer and his client and to any documents of which the client already has the original or a copy. The Wirtschaftsprüfer may prepare and retain copies or photocopies of supporting documents and records which he returns to the client.

#### 16. Applicable law

Only German law applies to the engagement, its conduct and any claims arising therefrom.

